IAP9 Rec'd PCT/PTO 09 DEC 2005

MOBILE CONCRETE PUMP WITH DISTRIBUTING BOOM BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the invention

[0002] The invention concerns a mobile concrete pump with a structural frame mounted on the undercarriage of a truck chassis, supportable upon a substrate with lifting up of the undercarriage of the truck, with a boom stand rotatable about a vertical axis provided on the structural frame and a concrete distribution boom in the form of a multi-arm articulated boom including a first boom arm pivotable at a first articulation linkage with horizontal articulation axis relative to the boom stand and additional boom arms pivotable relative to each other about horizontal articulation axis at articulation linkages.

Related Art of the invention

[0003] Concrete pumps of this type receive concrete brought in to construction sites by transport vehicles, and convey the concrete via the distribution boom to a site in need concrete. Conventionally the concrete pumps are mounted upon multi-axle chassis with continuous rigid framework. For heavy vehicles with total capacities of greater than 24 tons multiaxle heavy duty chassis with oversized axle loads are necessary. These can travel on public roads only with special permission and cannot use many light duty roads and bridges. It is further known in the art of mobile concrete pumps of the above described type (EP-B-0038954) to use the semi-trailer of a tractor trailer undercarriage for the concrete truck pump and distribution boom. Therewith, while maintaining the prescribed weight limit of the total tractor trailer, an increase in the range covered by the distribution map can be achieved, and this without loss of balance safety despite the comparatively light

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J. Abro

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mode of construction of the semi-trailer. This is made possible thereby, that the tractor trailer with its weight of approximately 7 to 9 tons is lifted off of the ground and utilized as ballast for stabilization of the distribution boom. However, here also the transportation department regulations establish vehicle length and height limitations, which prevent a further increase in the range.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0004] Beginning therewith it is the task of the present invention to so improve the known mobile concrete pumps of the above described type in such a manner that, with maintaining of the permissible axle loads and construction heights in the transport configuration, a significant increase in the range of the distribution boom can be achieved.

[0005] The solution of this task is proposed by the combination of characterizing features set forth in Patent Claim 1. Advantageous embodiments and further developments of the invention can be seen from the dependent claims.

[0006] The inventive solution is based primarily upon the idea, that a trailer is provided, which has own undercarriage and in the transport configuration is connectible with the truck undercarriage via a coupling arm. The inventive trailer includes a pivot mount rotatable in the vertical axis for receiving the section of the set of arms extending, when folded in the transport configuration, beyond the back end of the truck chassis, and which is comprised of the second boom arm which is unfolded in the extended position of the second articulation linkage relative to the first boom arm and at least

one part of the remaining boom arms situated in their folded-in positions relative to the second boom arm, and which together with the first boom arm forms the coupling arm. Thereby a significant increase in the reach of the concrete distribution is achieved, wherein simultaneously in the transport configuration the department of transportation set legally permissible vehicle length, vehicle height and axle load are not exceeded.

In order, despite the longer vehicle length in the transport configuration, to also negotiate relatively tight corners without collision, it is proposed in accordance with a preferred embodiment of the invention that the vertical axis of the boom stand and the pivot mount, in the configuration, form three rotation axis of the coupling arm. further preferred embodiment of the invention envisions that in the transport configuration the first articulation between the boom stand and the first boom arm in its position facing backwards counter to the direction of travel of the truck undercarriage is secured to the structural frame and the second articulation linkage is freely pivotable about its articulation axis. Thereby it is achieved, that the truck undercarriage of the truck chassis and the undercarriage of the trailer exhibit an optimal orientation with the ground both when passing over a hill as well as when passing through a trough. improvement in this respect is achieved thereby, that also the pivot mount is limitedly pivotable about an axis transverse to the trailer longitudinal axis. Besides this the pivot mount should be limitedly pivotable about the vertical axis of the trailer.

[0008] It is in principle conceivable, that the trailer can be coupled with the truck undercarriage via a, for example, telescopic tow bar. A further improvement in negotiating curves is achieved thereby, that the trailer is self-steering. The trailer can, for this purpose, exhibit two steering wheels preferably coupled hydraulically. A further improvement is achieved thereby, that the trailer includes a steering device coupled electronically with the steering device of the truck chassis.

[0009] In order to make it easier to maneuver the trailer in the decoupled condition, it is advantageous when it includes a motorized wheel drive.

In the operating condition the set of arms laid upon the pivot mount of the trailer is raised. For driving while at the construction site the set of arms can be pivoted against the first boom arm and be rested upon the truck undercarriage. this manner a boom configuration conceived for moving on the construction site is employed, the folded together condition being too high for the travel upon public roads, but possible and permissible for movement limited to the construction site. In this manner it is possible to utilize sets of arms, of which the range in the operating configuration is greater than 70 meters, and to transport them in road traffic. Therein it is of advantage, when the trailer in the decoupled condition can be driven onto or lifted together with the truck undercarriage as In this case the trailer provides a support function both during transport and in the operating configuration. pump unit with material supply container, which on the outlet side is connected with a conveyor line provided with the

articulated boom, is usefully provided upon the truck undercarriage side structural frame.

[00011] Basically it is however possible that the pump unit with material supply container is provided upon the trailer and in the operating configuration is connectable on its outlet side with a concrete conveyor line provided with the articulated boom.

[00012] The boom arms of the articulated boom are preferably connected with each other in combined ZRZ- or RZRZ-folds. Therein the articulated boom is at least four arm, preferably six or seven arm. The high number of arms of the articulated boom only makes sense with regard to control technology when the arms in the operating configuration are not individually, but rather, with electronic support, are collectively controllable in a cylindrical coordinate system (see DE-B-4306127).

[00013] Preferably the set of arms in the transport configuration is bolted to the pivot mount of the trailer. The trailer has at least two axles. Depending upon the size of the set of arms it may be useful to employ three to six axle trailers.

Brief Description of the Drawings

[00014] In the following the invention will be described in greater detail on the basis of the illustrative embodiment shown in schematic manner in the figures. There is shown

Fig. 1a and b A mobile concrete pump with a six arm distribution boom in the travel configuration and in the travel configuration on the construction sites;

Fig. 1c A folding schematic of the articulated boom according to Fig. 1a and b in the travel configuration in the construction site;

Fig. 2a - l The mobile concrete pump according to Fig. 1a - c in the transport configuration and in the various unfolding positions of the articulated boom;

Fig. 3a and b The concrete pump according to Fig. 1a with slightly modified trailer in a side view and in top view while negotiating a curve;

Fig. 4a - c Three side-views of mobile concrete pumps with five arm, six arm and seven arm articulated boom;

Fig. 5a and b A side view of the mobile concrete pump according to Fig. 4b in the travel configuration and in the configuration of construction site travel;

Fig. 5c A folding schematic of the articulated boom in the configuration of the construction site travel according to Fig. 5b;

Fig. 6a and b A side view of the mobile concrete pump according to Fig. 4c in the travel configurationed and in the configuration of construction site travel;

Fig. 6c The folding schematic of the articulated boom in the configuration of construction site travel according to Fig. 6b;

Fig. 7a and b A side view of the mobile concrete pump modified relative to Fig. 6a and b with seven arm articulated boom in the travel configuration and in the configuration of construction site travel;

Fig. 7c A folding schematic of the seven arm articulated boom in the configuration of construction site travel according to Fig. 7b.

Detailed Description of the Invention

[00015] The mobile concrete pumps shown in the figures include a structural frame 14 mounted on the truck undercarriage 10 of a truck chassis 12, which is supportable with outriggers 16 upon the ground 18 with lifting of the truck undercarriage 10. structural frame includes a boom stand 22 rotatable about a vertical axis 20 of the truck undercarriage 10, which carries a concrete distribution boom 24 in the form of a multi-arm articulated boom. The articulated boom includes a first boom 1 pivotable via a first articulation linkage A with arm horizontal articulation axis relative to the boom stand 22 and additional boom arms 2 through 6 or 2 through 7 pivotable relative to each other about horizontal articulation axis at articulation linkages B through F or B through G.

[00016] The structural frame 14 on the truck undercarriage side carries, besides this, a pump unit 26 in the form of a two cylinder thick matter pump, which operates according to the principle of a tandem pump and in a suction stroke presses a

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column of concrete suctioned out of a material supply container 28, in a subsequent pressure stroke, into a concrete conveyor line comprised of a pressure pipe 30 and a number of concrete conveyor conduits. Via the conveyor line, which is lead through the rotatable boom stand and with its not shown concrete conveyor conduits is rigged parallel to the boom arms 1 through 6 or 1 through 7 and is rigidly connected with these, the concrete is pumped to the desired location being supplied with concrete.

[00017] In the transport configuration the boom arms must be so folded together and positioned upon the truck undercarriage that a vehicle length and vehicle height as prescribed by the department of transportation traffic regulations are not exceeded.

[00018] A special feature of the invention is comprised therein, that the mobile concrete pump in the travel configuration exhibits, besides the structural frame carrying truck undercarriage 10, a trailer 32, which includes its own undercarriage 34 and it connectable with the truck undercarriage 10 via a coupling arm 36. The trailer includes a pivot mount 40 rotatable about a vertical axis 38 relative to the undercarriage of the trailer, upon which, in the transport configuration a set of arms extending beyond the back end of the truck 42 undercarriage 10 is supportable. The set of arms 42 comprised of the second boom arm 2 unfolded in the extended position of the second articulation linkage B relative to the first boom arm 1 and the remaining boom arms 3 through 6 (Fig. 1, 4b, 5) or as the case may be 3 through 7 (Fig. 4c, 6, 7) situated in their folded in position and forms together with the

first boom arm 1 the coupling arm 36 between truck undercarriage

10 and trailer 32.

As can be seen particularly from Fig. 3b, the trailer 32 is designed to be self-steering. In the shown embodiment it includes two hydraulic linked steerable wheels 50. The steering device of the trailer is therein preferably electronically coupled with the steering device of the truck undercarriage 10, so that between truck undercarriage 10 and trailer 32 coordinated negotiation of curve is made possible (Fig. 3b). special feature of the invention is comprised therein, that the vertical axis 20 and 38 of the boom stand 22 and the pivot mount 40 in the transport configuration constitute the free rotation axis of the coupling arm 36. As indicated by the double arrow 44, in the transport configuration the second articulation linkage B as freely pivotable about its articulation axis. Since besides this the pivot mount 40 is limitedly pivotable about an axis 46 extending transverse to the longitudinal axis of the trailer, it is achieved, that the truck undercarriage 10 of the truck chassis 12 and the undercarriage 34 of the trailer 32 maintain optimal orientation to the ground even when passing over a hill or driving through a trough. Since the first articulation linkage A between boom stand 22 and the first boom arm 1 can be locked in its position facing backwards counter to the direction of travel of the truck chassis, in the decoupled condition the set of arms 42 comprised of the boom arms 2 through 6 or as the case may be 2 through 7 can be folded against the first boom arm 1 and be laid against only the truck undercarriage 10 (Fig. 1b, 5b, 6b and 7b). If in the travel configuration according to Fig. 1a, 5a, 6a and 7a already the maximum vehicle height is achieved, then following the

supplemental folding-in of the set of arms 42 a vehicle height exceeding that of the street transport regulations will be produced, which is permissible only in the private construction site (configuration of construction site transport).

[00020] In the operating condition it must be ensured, that the truck undercarriage is sufficiently braced or supported with its outriggers 16. One improvement in this respect can be achieved thereby, that the trailer 32 in the decoupled condition, as ballast, can be driven onto or lifted together with the truck undercarriage 10.

[00021] In the illustrative embodiment shown in Figs. 1a through c the distribution boom is equipped with six boom arms, which in the folded together configuration form a ZRZ-fold; arms 1 through 3 as well as arms 3 through 6 represent therein a Z-fold while the arms 2, 3 and 4 are folded according to the principle of a coil fold. The trailer 32 is in this embodiment three axle, wherein the set of arms 42 in the transport configuration is bolted with the pivot mount 40 at the locations 48.

[00022] The sequence of Figures 2a through 21 show the sequence of the unfolding and folding of the distribution boom 24 from the travel configuration (Fig. 2a) through the releasing of the set of arms 42 from the trailer 32 (Fig. 2b), the supporting upon the ground 18 (Fig. 2c) and the subsequent positioning of the concrete distribution boom 24 with end hose 31 in the concrete delivering position (Fig. 2d through 2h). Following the process of supplying concrete the boom arms 1 through 6 are folded together (Fig. 2i through k) with the truck

undercarriage 10 still being raised, in order subsequently to be brought into the travel configuration with lowered truck undercarriage 10 in the extended position at linkage B between the first and second boom arms 1, 2 (Fig. 21).

[00023] Figs. 4a through c show that by a modular construction of the distribution boom, with relatively simple means, with use of the same arm components, a transformation going from a five arm (Fig. 4a) to a six arm (Fig. 4b) to a seven arm (Fig. 4c) distribution boom 24 is possible.

[00024] The starting point is the construction shown in Fig. 4a comprised of a tractor trailer with a five arm distribution boom 24/5 for a range of approximately 60m. The use of a tractor trailer in the configuration of a mobile concrete pump is the subject of EP-B-0038954.

[00025] If the set of arms 42 shown in Fig. 4a is complemented by supplemental boom arm 1', then one arrives at the six arm boom configuration shown in Fig. 4b, of which the set of arms 42' according to the invention is supported in the transport configuration on a three axle trailer 32. The remaining arms 1, 2, 3, etc. become new arms 2', 3', 4', etc. In Fig. 4b this is indicated by the arm reference numbers 2'/1, 3'/2, 4'/3, etc. The reach of the distribution boom 24 is increased by the supplemental arm 1' to approximately 70m.

[00026] If one folds the total articulated boom according to Fig. 4b together and turns it about 180°, then one obtains a set of arms 42", which can be supplemented by new boom arm 1". The arm 2" in Fig. 4c must be geometrically adapted (bent) relative

to arm 1' in Fig. 4b. The previous arms 2', 3', 4' now become arms 3", 4", 5". In Fig. 4c this is indicated by arm reference numbers 3"/2'/1, 4"/3'/2, etc. The six arm set of arms 42" is supported upon a five axle trailer 32. Overall a seven arm distribution boom 24/7 shown in Fig. 4c provides a range or reach of approximately 80m.

[00027] The folding schematic of the six arm distribution boom according to Fig. 4b is shown in Fig. 5c, besides the representations of the travel configuration and the construction site travel. The arms 1, 2 and 3 and arms 4, 5 and 6 are folded there in the Z-manner, while the group of arms 3, 4 and 5 are folded in the matter of a roll or coil.

[00028] The seven arm boom configuration shown in Fig. 6a through c and 7a through c differ essentially in the manner of folding of individual boom arm groups:

[00029] Fig. 6c: Arm 1, 2, 3: Roll fold

Arm 2, 3, 4: Z-fold

Arm 3, 4, 5: Roll fold

Arm 4, 5, 6, 7: Z-fold

[00030] Fig. 7c: Arm 1, 2, 3: Roll fold

Arm 2, 3, 4, 5: Z-fold

Arm 4, 5, 6: Roll fold

Arm 5, 6, 7: Z-fold

[00031] Express reference is made to the pivot angles in linkages A through F or, as the case may be, A through G shown in Fig. 1c, 5c, 6c and 7c.

In summary the following can be concluded: The relates to a mobile concrete qmuq structural frame 14 mounted on the undercarriage 10 of a truck chassis 12, a boom stand 22 that is provideded in the structural frame 14 and that is rotatable about a vertical axis 20, and a concrete distribution boom 24 configured in the form of multiarm articulated boom 24. Said concrete distributing boom consisting, for example, of six arms, has a first boom arm 1 with a first articulation A, which rotates with respect to the boom stand 22, and in addition other boom arms 2 to 6 arranged with articulation linkages B to F, which can rotate with respect to one another. In order to extend the reach of the distribution boom, a trailer 32 having its own undercarriage 34 is provided, said trailer being connected to the running gear 10 by a coupling member 36 in the transport condition. The trailer 32 has a pivot mount 40 rotatable about a vertical axis 38 for receiving an set of arms 42 that projects beyond the rear end of the running gear 10 in the transport condition. The set of arms 42 consists of the second arm 2 extending in the extended position of the second articulation linkage B with respect to the first boom arm 1 and the remaining boom arms 3 to 6 which are folded with respect to the second boom arm 2, and together with the first boom arm 1 forms the coupling member 36, whereby the vertical axes 20, 38 of the boom stand 22 and the pivot mount 40 are configured as free rotational axes of the coupling 36 in the transport condition while the second articulation B can be freely pivoted about its pivotal axis.